

Nevada Transportation Conference

April 8, 2009

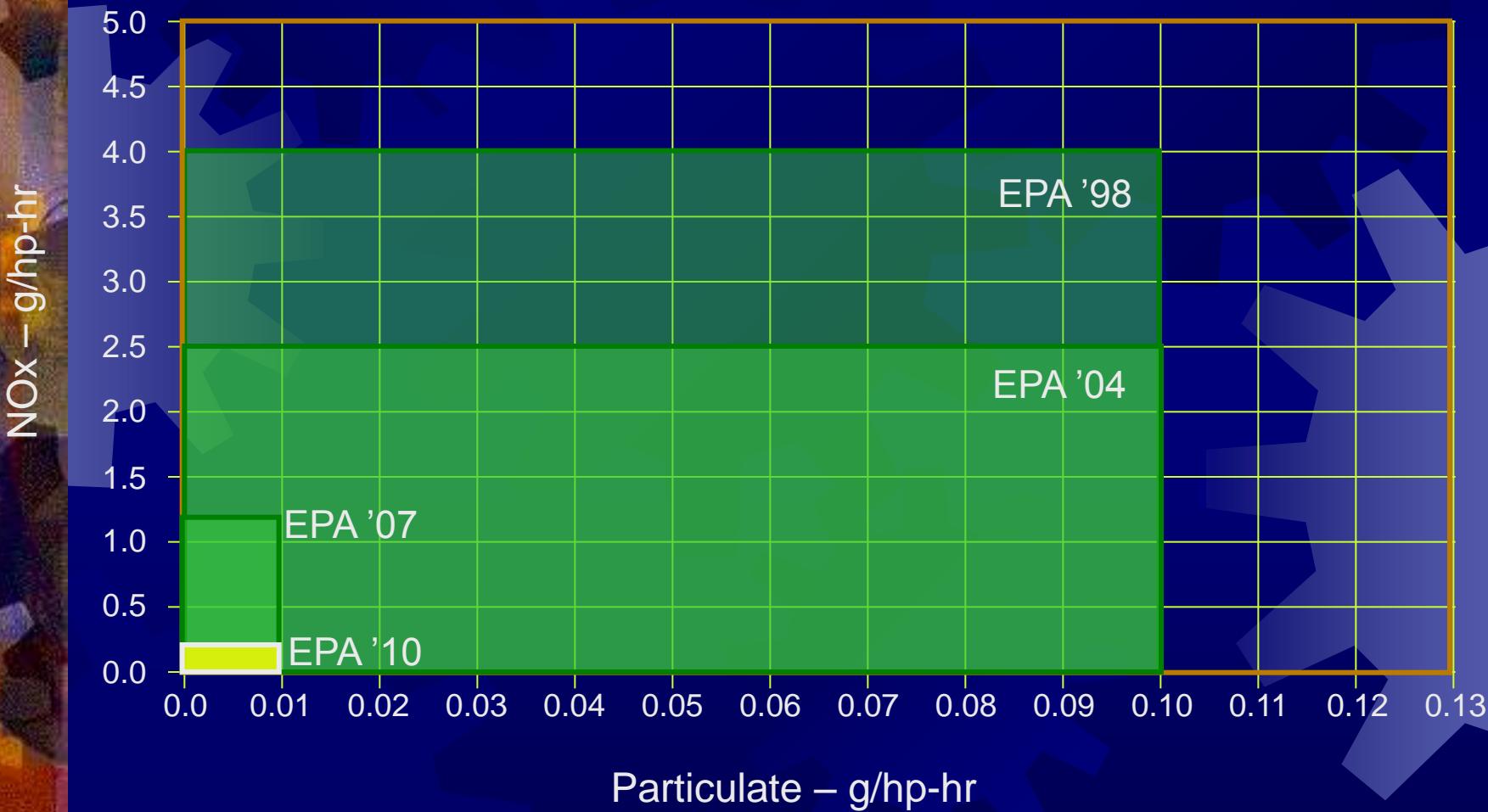
The Bus Technology Of The Future

Stephen W. Warren

Assistant general Manager – Maintenance

CTTRANSIT - First Transit

North America On-Highway Standards

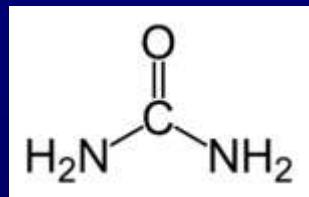


Selective Catalytic Reduction Fundamentals

1

DEF Injection

- Small quantity of DEF injected
- Proportional to NOx rate
- 32.5% solution in water, freezing point = -11°C
- Stored in heated tanks
- $(\text{NH}_2)_2\text{CO}$



2

Hydrolysis

- DEF breaks down by hydrolysis to form ammonia
- NH₃

3

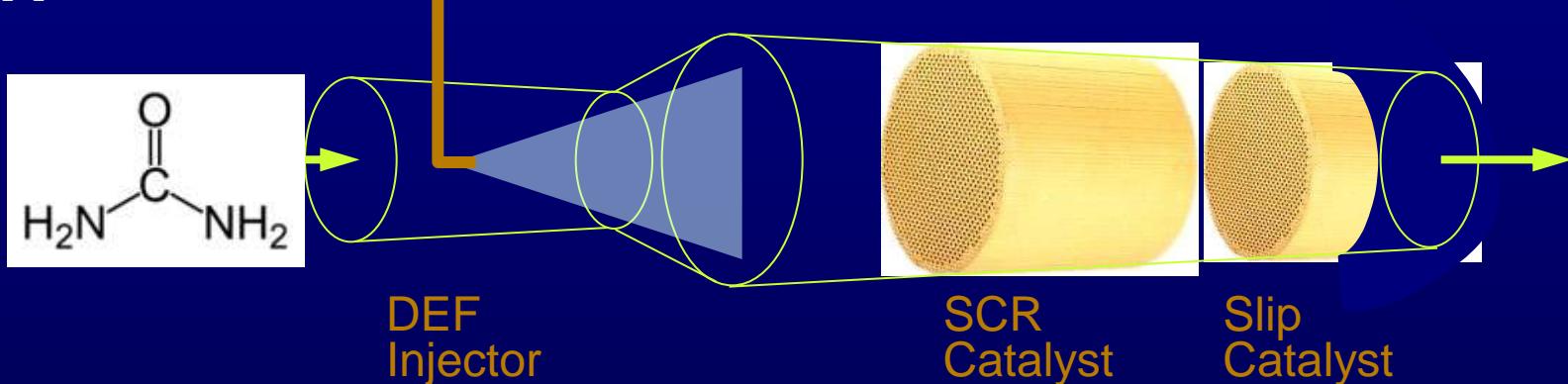
NOx Catalysis

- NO and NO₂ react with ammonia over a catalyst to form nitrogen and water vapor

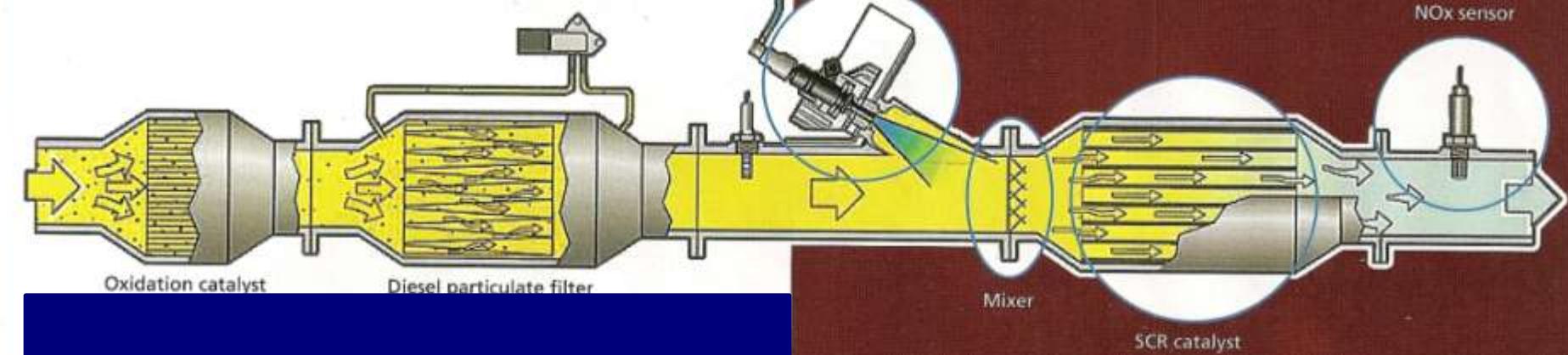
4

Ammonia Slip

- Any trace amounts of ammonia remaining after reaction with NOx are broken down to nitrogen
- Maximum tailpipe ammonia 10 ppm



... many negative things load and duty, for



Cummins Aftertreatment System

**Selective
Catalytic
Reduction (SCR)
Catalyst**



Particulate Filter

**Diesel
Exhaust Fluid
(DEF) Dosing
Valve**

What is the Bus Technology of the Future?



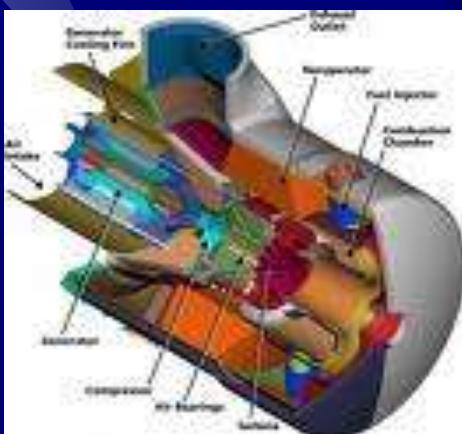
The Future is Green



Quiet Please!



What Power Plants Will Be Used?



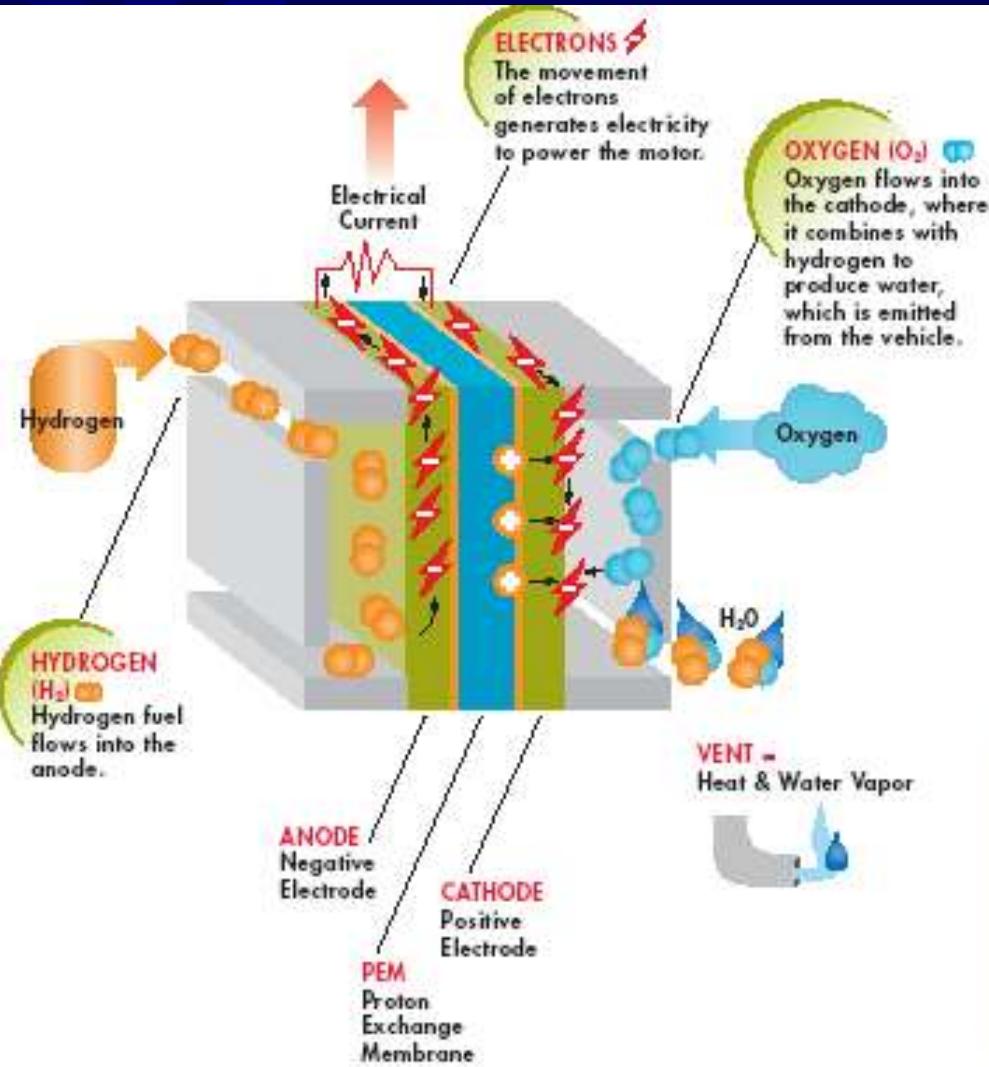


Zero Emission Hydrogen Fuel Cell Bus

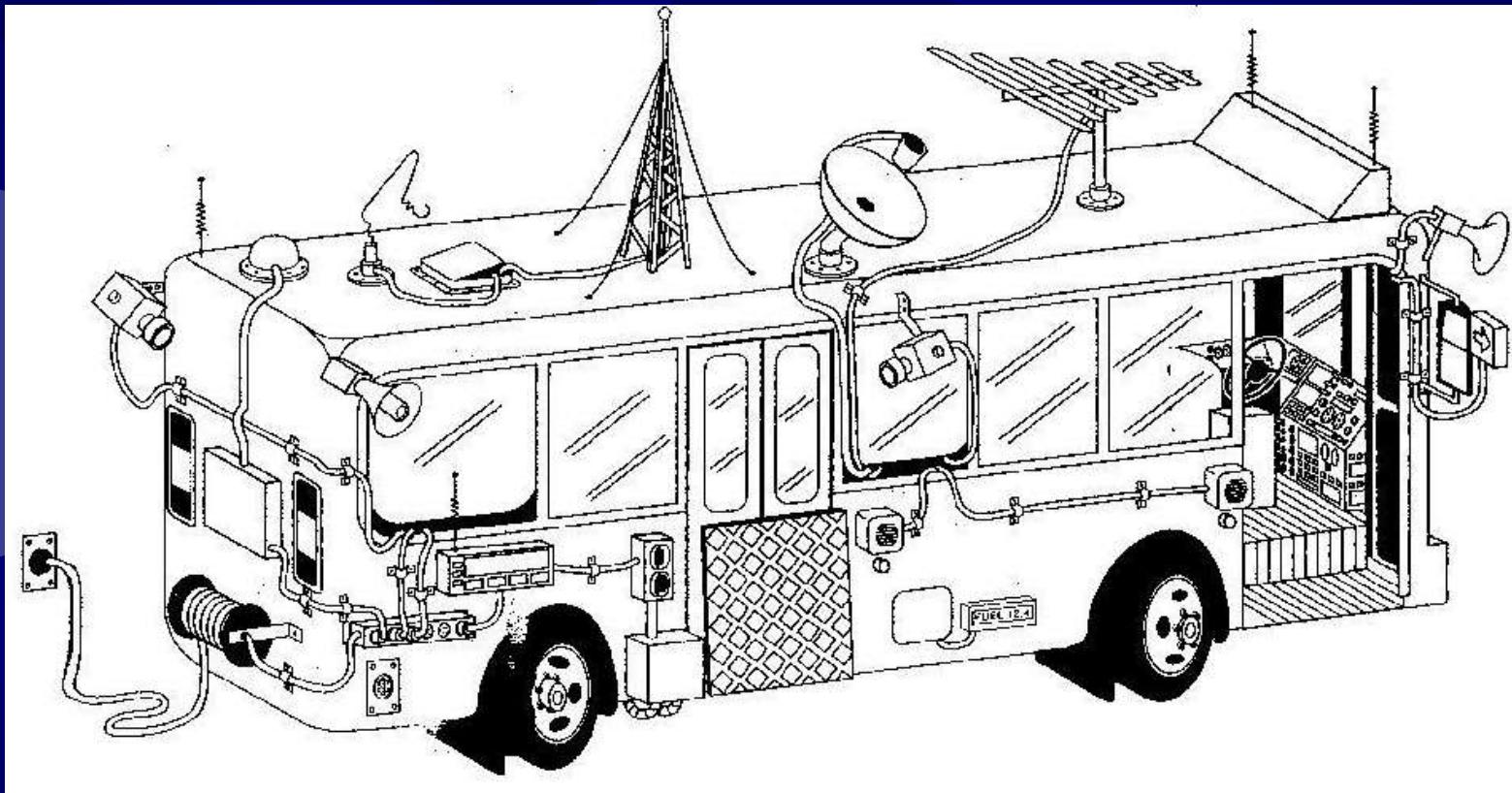
element
energy

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CT TRANSIT



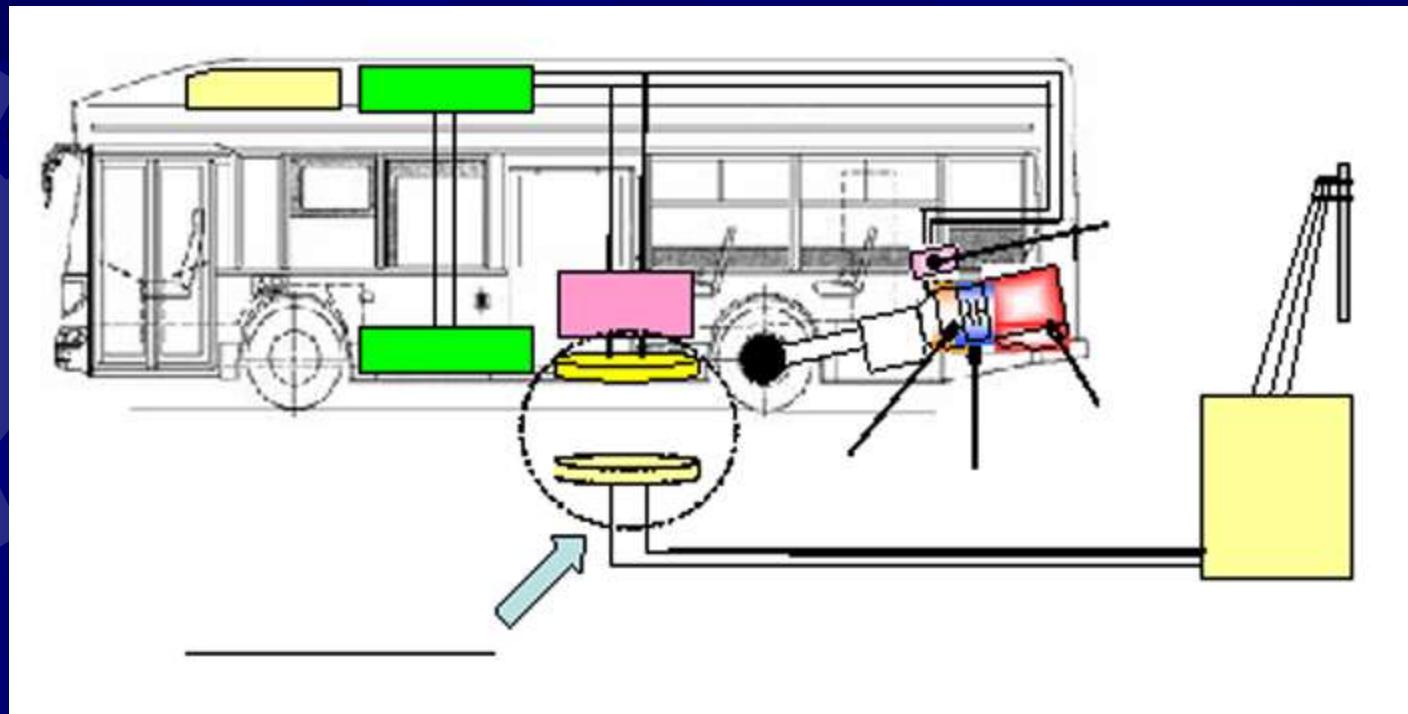
Fuel cells also provide power to forklifts, airport tugs and even NASA's space shuttles. Large fuel cells can create electricity for houses and buildings. Tiny fuel cells can run laptop computers or digital cameras.





Electricity Storage Is Key!

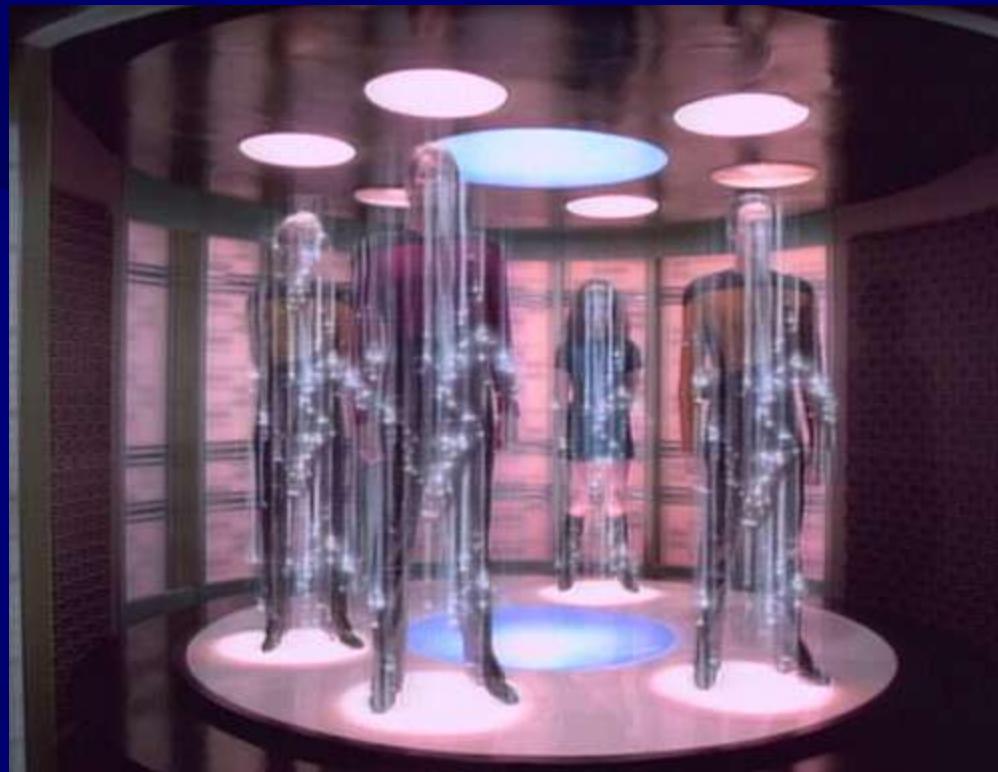




Bus Rapid Transit



Thank You



Live Long & Prosper